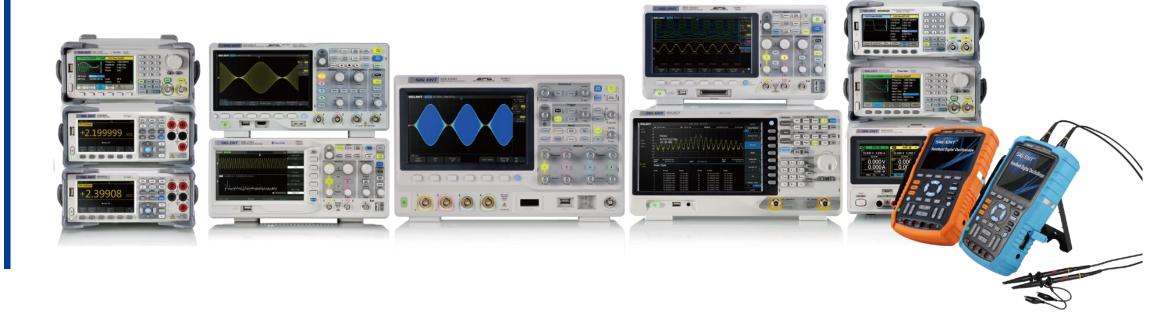


### EMI – the undesirable Effect of modern Power Electronics

#### Thomas Rottach

Siglent Technologies Germany GmbH Sales & Marketing Manager Europe





- Introduction Trends & Markets
- Power Electronics Basic Intro
- EMI from Power Electronics
- How modern Semiconductors change EMI behavior
- Who we are and What we offer

#### **Trends & Markets**

Electrification of Transportation

**ELECTRONICS SAPPLICATIONS**14 T/m 16 MEI 2019 JAARBEURS UTRECHT

Digitization – Smart X

Renewable Energy





















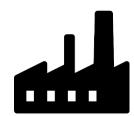
























# Why Power Electronics is now popular?



- Digitization
  - Continuously growing Number of Battery Powered Devices
  - IoT & Autonomous Driving → More Data → Growing # of Data Centers
  - Growing need for electric Power
- Electrification
  - Fast increasing number of Power Converters
  - Growing need for electric Power
  - Push extension of Renewable Power Generation

This all create the requirements for Efficient, High-Performance and Compliant Power Supplies



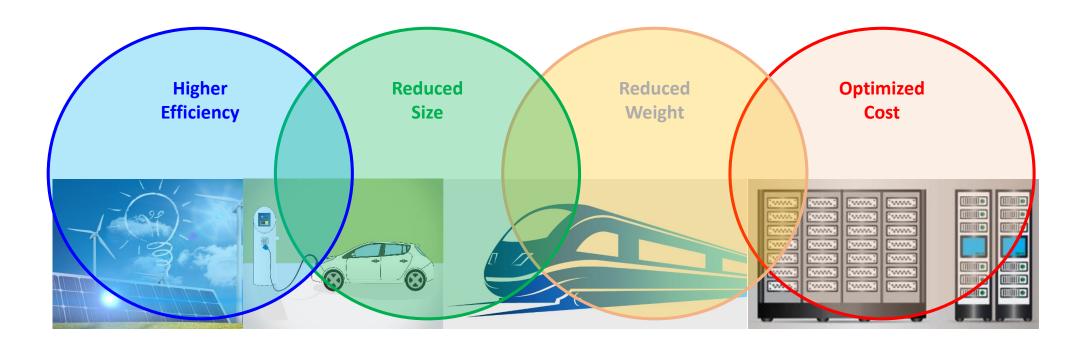
# How achieve higher Efficiency?



WBG Semiconductors (SiC / GaN) can help to achieve the targets, because

- Enable higher Switching Frequencies
- Have 3x lower Switching Losses
- Provide 4x higher Power Density

- -> smaller periphere components
- -> more efficent -> smaller heat sinks
- -> lower space requirement



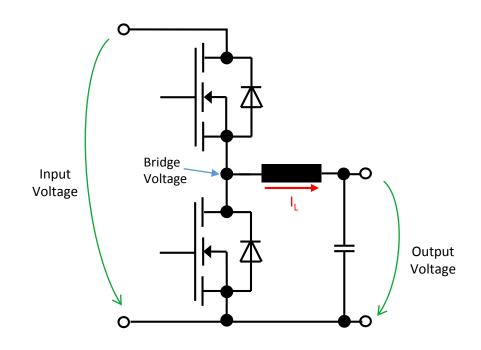


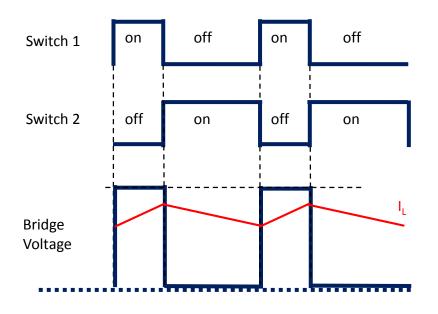
- Introduction Trends & Markets
- Power Electronics Basic Intro

- EMI from Power Electronics
- How modern Semiconductors change EMI behavior
- Who we are and What we offer

### Power Electronics Basics Intro

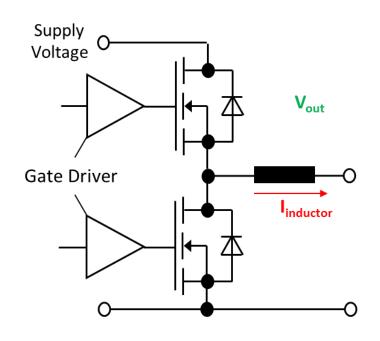


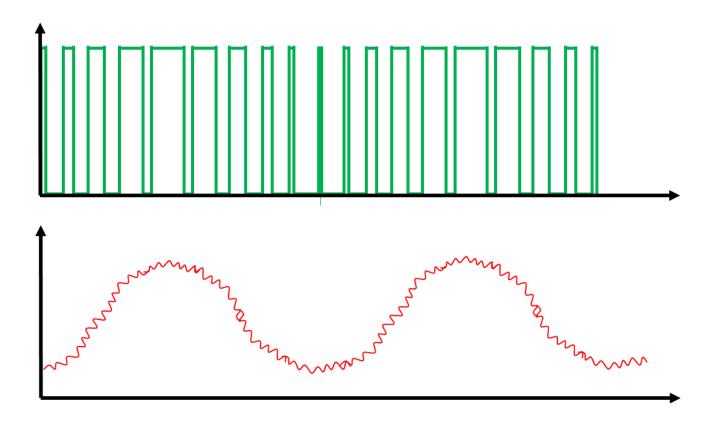




## PWM Controlled Motor Drive







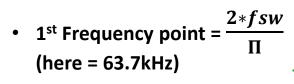


- Introduction Trends & Markets
- Power Electronics Basic Intro
- EMI from Power Electronics
- How modern Semiconductors change EMI behavior
- Who we are and What we offer



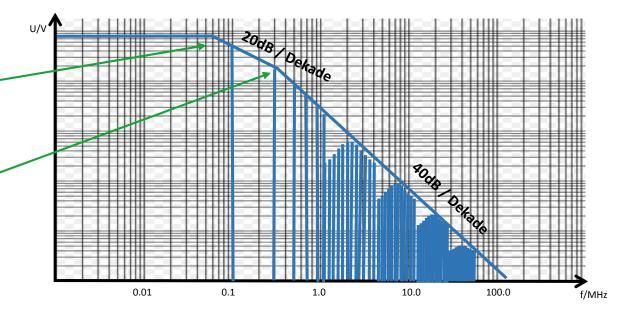






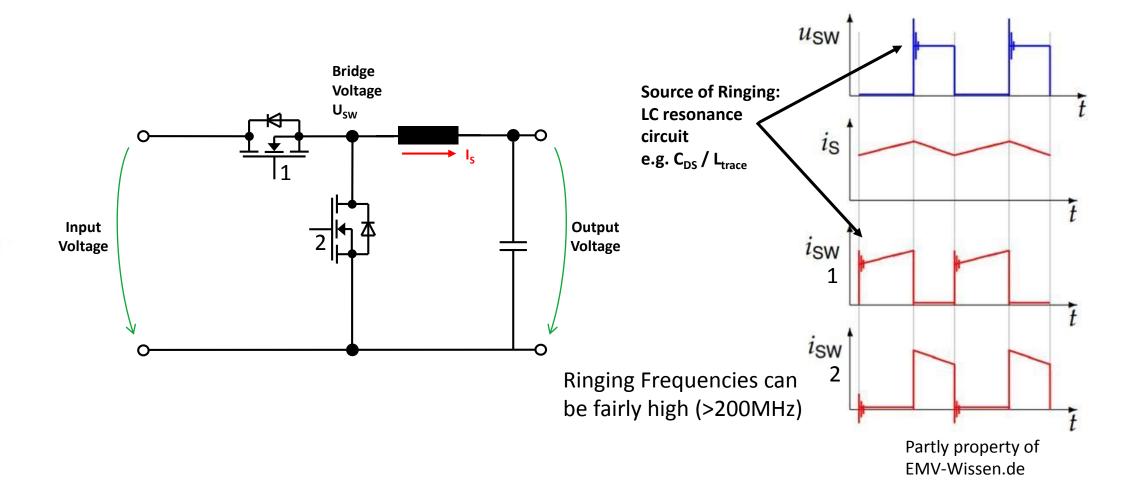
• 2<sup>nd</sup> Frequency point =  $\frac{1}{\Pi * RiseTime}$ 

1μs Rise Time => 318,3kHz



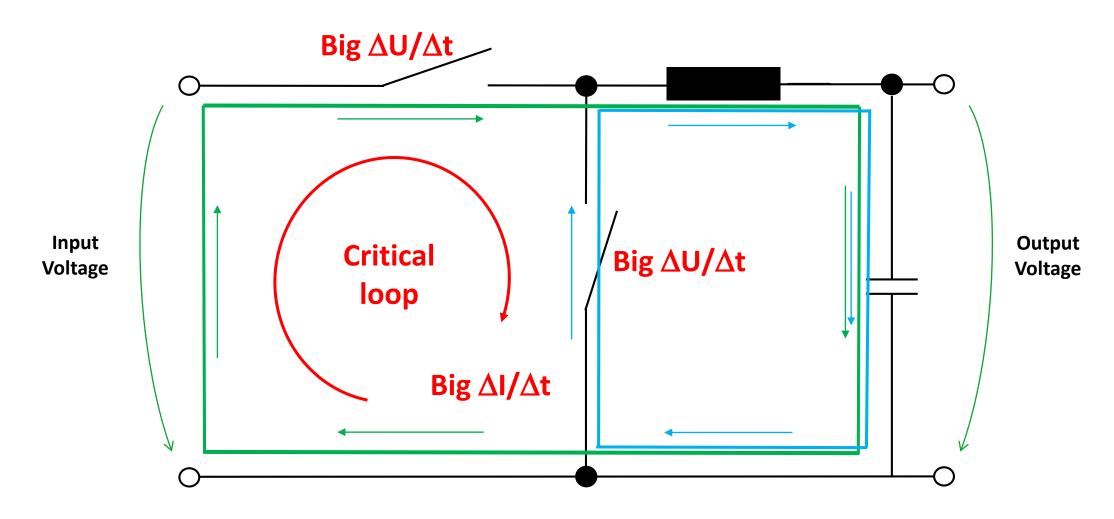






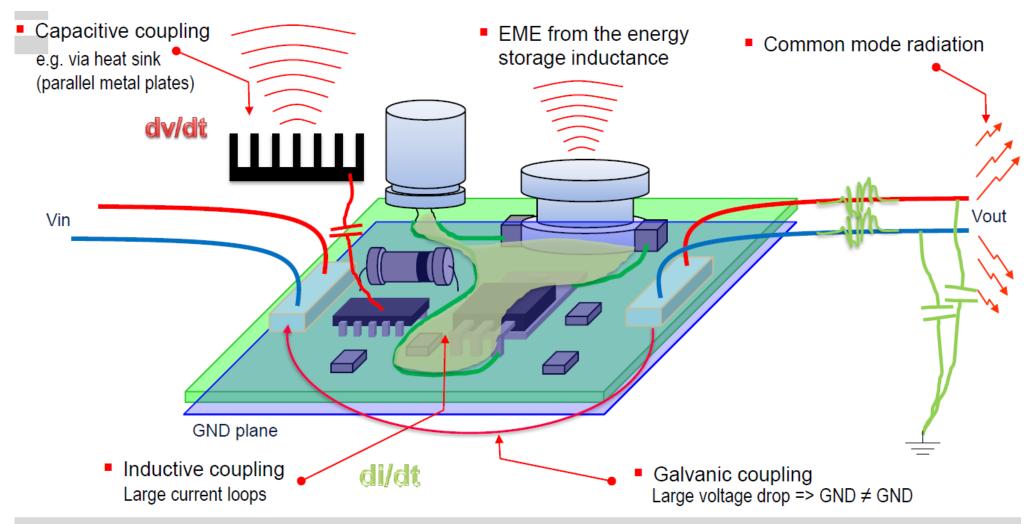
## Voltage / Current Consideration









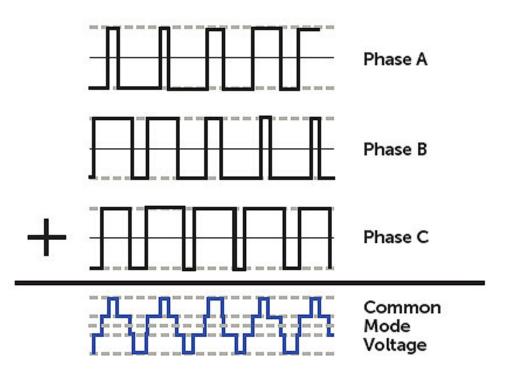




### Common Mode voltage



- Existing stray Capacities between Load And earth may result in common mode Currents
- Higher Switching Frequencies tend to produce more common mode voltage and current



This diagram shows the three-phase voltage waveforms in a typical PWM drive.



Introduction – Trends & Markets

Power Electronics Basic Intro

- EMI from Power Electronics
- How modern Semiconductors change EMI behavior
- Who we are and What we offer

## "Classical" vs. "Modern" Semiconductors

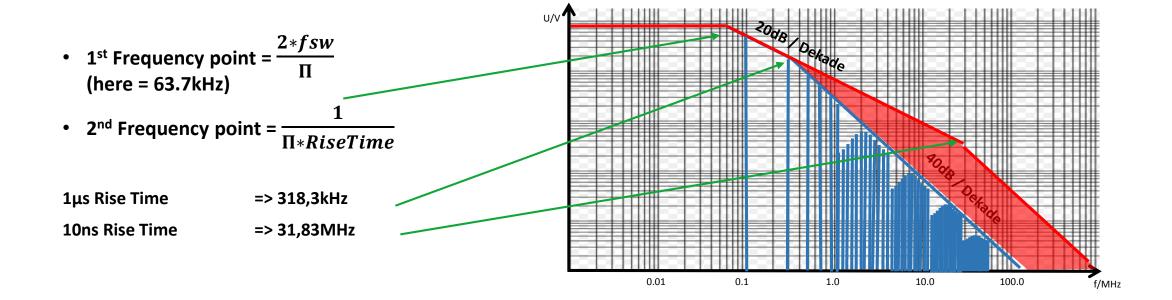


- Higher Breakdown voltages -> higher switched voltage
- $\rightarrow$  Higher  $\Delta U/\Delta t \rightarrow$  critical Capacitive coupling
- Lower ON-Resistance -> higher currents possilbe
- $\rightarrow$  Higher  $\Delta I/\Delta t \rightarrow$  critical Inductive Coupling
- Faster Switching
- Steeper Edges

### **Effect of steeper Edges**

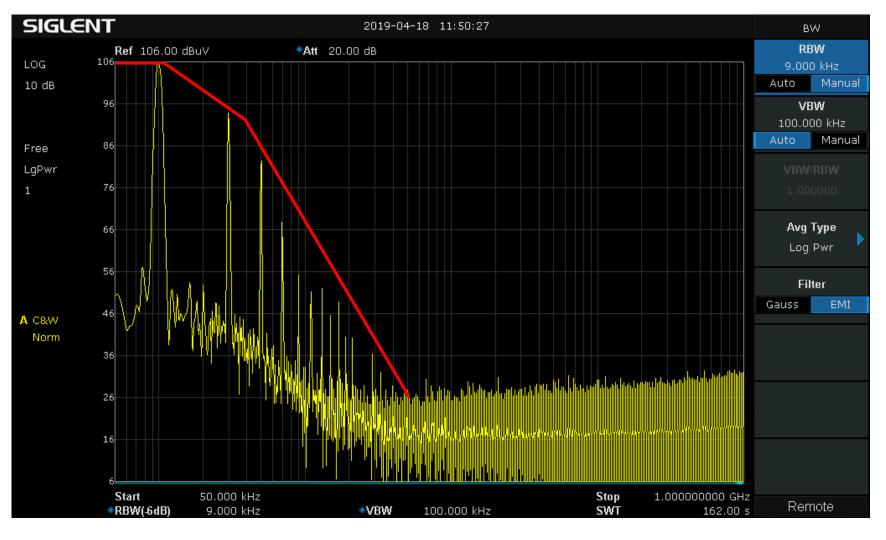






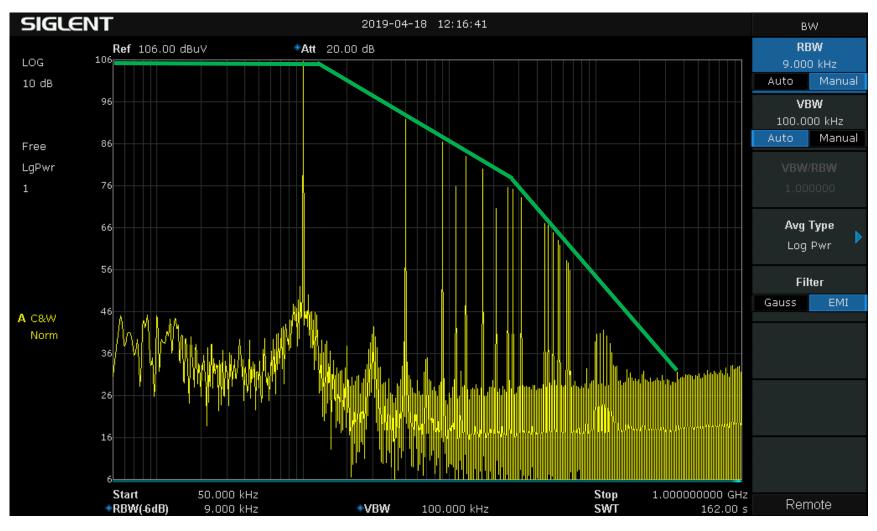
# Faster Switching + steeper Edges





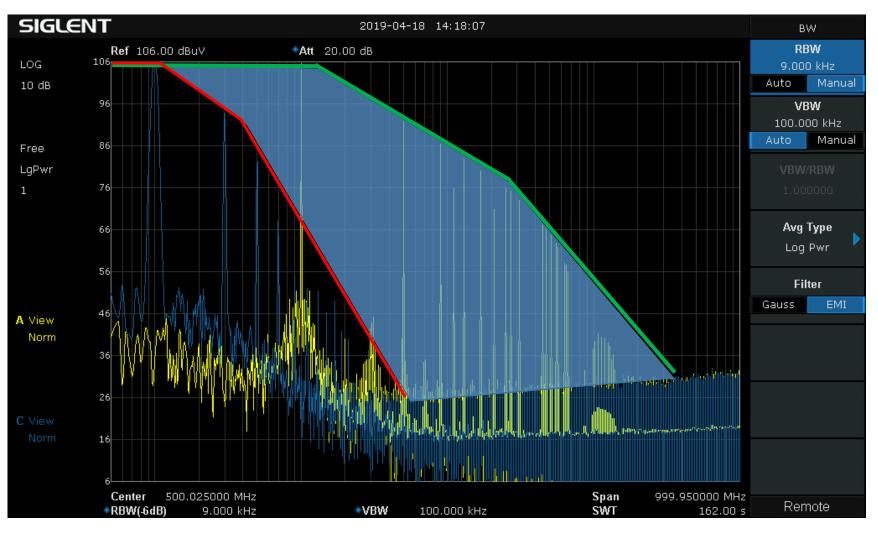
# Faster Switching + steeper Edges





# Faster Switching + steeper Edges





### **Design Considerations**



- Critical loop as small as possible
- Grounding concept around Critical Loop
- Proper Grounding of Heat Sinks
- Uses Shielded Storage Inductivities
- Re-think the Filter concept (input / output)



Introduction – Trends & Markets

Power Electronics Basic Intro

• EMI from Power Electronics

- How modern Semiconductors change EMI behavior
- Who we are and What we offer

## Who we are and What we offer?





- Established in 2002
- •Headquarter Shenzhen, China
- •Employees over 300 incl. big R&D team
- •ISO9001:2000 and ISO14001:2004
- •CE certification on all products
- Professional integrated supply chain& production system
- •Export to 70+ countries & regions

#### Time Domain Analysis





#### Frequency Domain Analysis





Signal Generation



**General Purpose** 









### Thank You for your Attention

The Best Value in Electronic Test & Measurement

#### Visit Us:

