How to develop: cloud & embedded devices?

What is the impact of scalability on the cloud development?







AGENDA

IoT Devices & Cloud

Design process cloud for embedded devices Important aspects for IoT device

Important aspects for the cloud

Case Studies for scalability





SPINNOV

Engineering company for IoT devices

- + 30 engineers
- Electronics
- Embedded firmware
- Cloud
- Mechanical / Industrial



SJEF

CEO from Spinnov

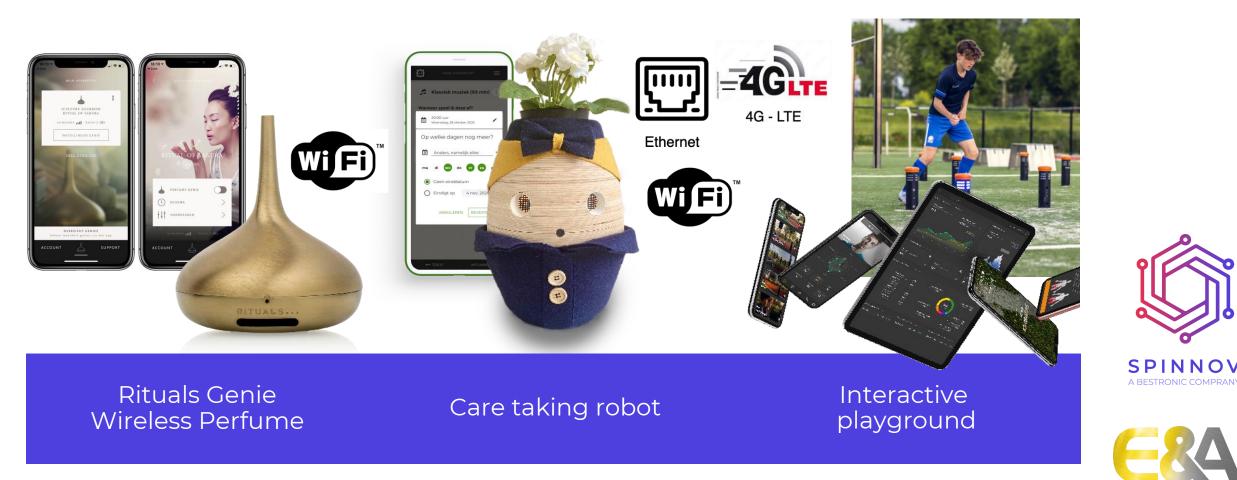
- Industrial Design TU/e
- Founder of SmartGoals Football
- Founder of SPINNOV





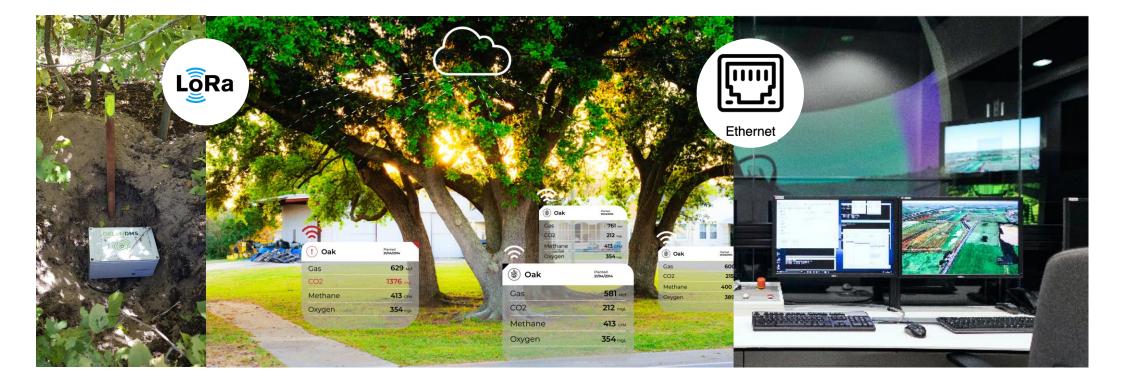


EXAMPLES OF IOT SOLUTIONS





EXAMPLES OF IOT SOLUTIONS





SPINNOV A BESTRONIC COMPRANY



Environmental Sensor LoRa - REST High Demanding Telefony system

EXAMPLES OF IOT SOLUTIONS



IP Camera's ball detection

Parking barrier control



SPINNOV

IOT – EMBEDDED DEVICES

Purpose:

Sensoring





Harvesting data

- Service/ support
- Remote control of actuators







IOT – CLOUD DEVELOPMENT

- Storage of data
- Visualisation of data
- Control devices

- Management of devices
- Susiness logic/ event triggering
- Setter Etc.





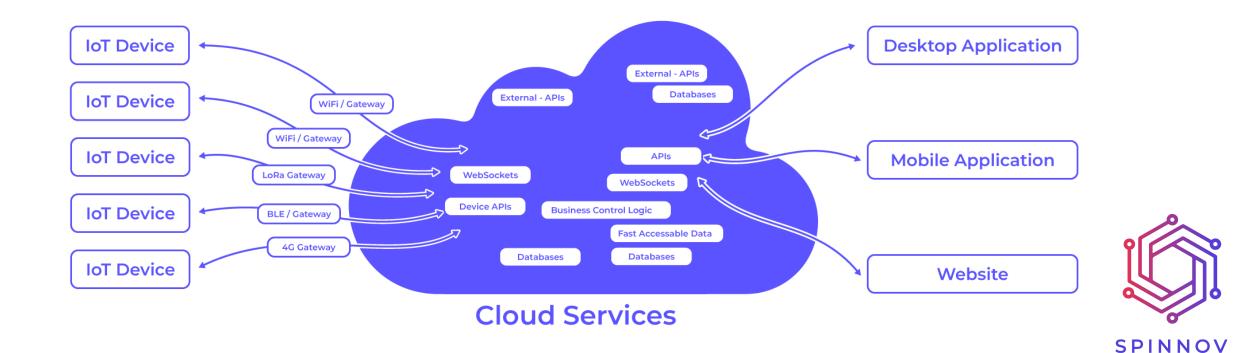
IOT – SCHEMATIC OVERVIEW





A BESTRONIC COMPRANY

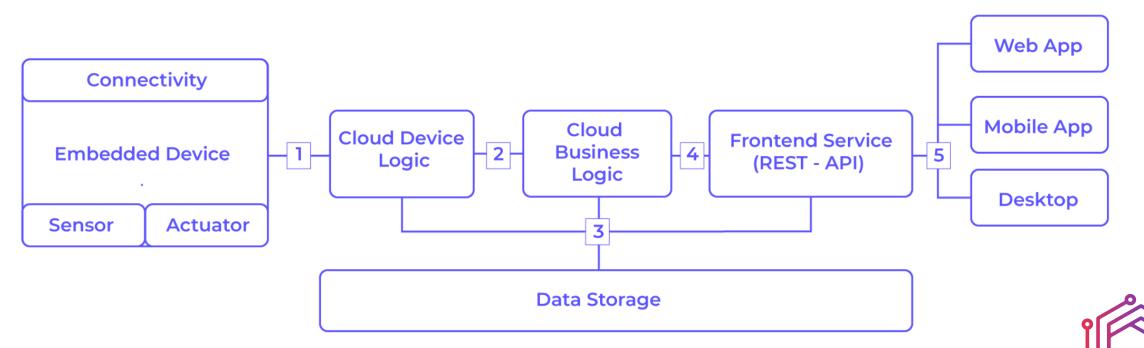
IOT – SCHEMATIC OVERVIEW





A BESTRONIC COMPRANY

IOT – SCHEMATIC OVERVIEW

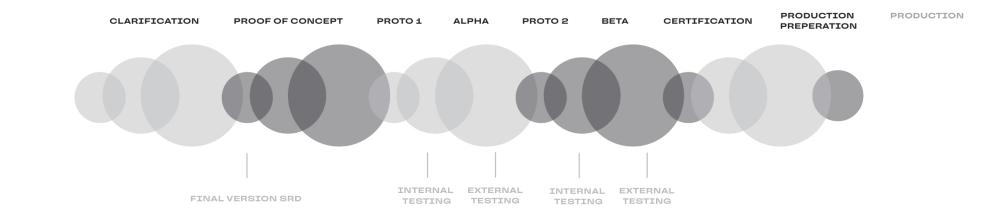


- 1. Protocol / Data / Technology
- 2. Translation Logic
- 3. Data storage
- 4. Business Logic
- 5. API / Endpoint documentation

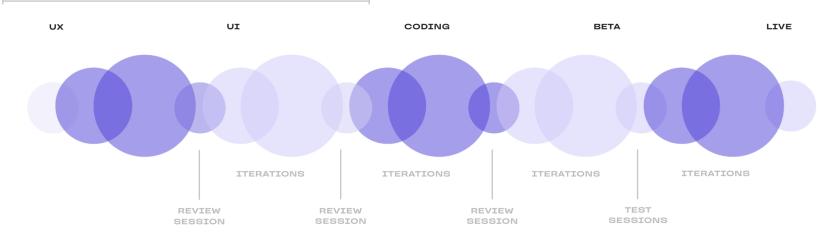


SPINNOV

IOT – DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



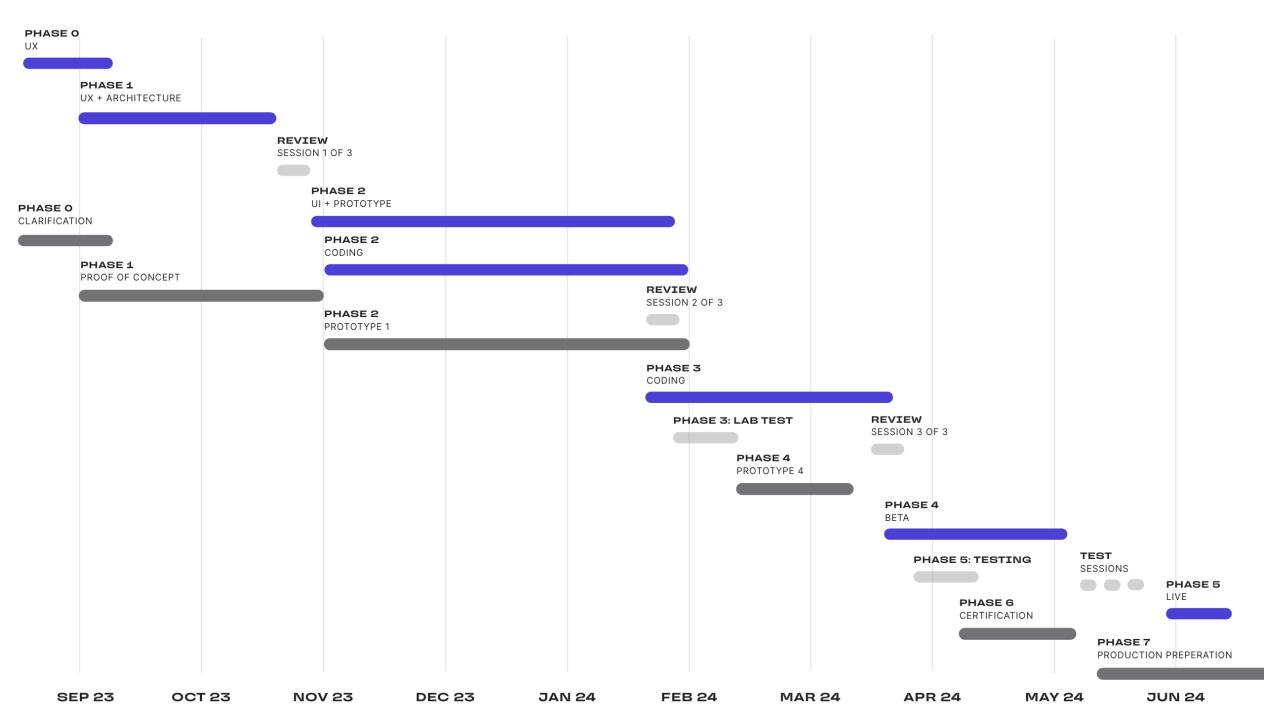








APPROVAL OF UX & UI



TAKEAWAYS – DEV PROCESS

- Embedded devices often are individual "**simple**" devices
- IoT Cloud is often a "simple" cloud application
- Many different technologies make it complex
- **Project manager** with tech expertise with overview of both Hardware, Software, Cloud
- Incorporate enought testing / feedback sessions.
 Testing is part of the development.
- The first phase clarification is the most important! (before engineering)





TAKEAWAYS FOR IOT DEVICES

- Many IoT devices are used for obtaining sensor data.
- IoT devices are only cost efficient if no manual labour is involved in the maintenance for a specific sensor

Therefore:

- Make sure that debugging is possible on every seperate component.
- Never release a device that cannot be remotely updated
- Try to keep everyting as simple as possible







IOT DEVICES – CONNECTIVITY: WHAT TO COMPARE?

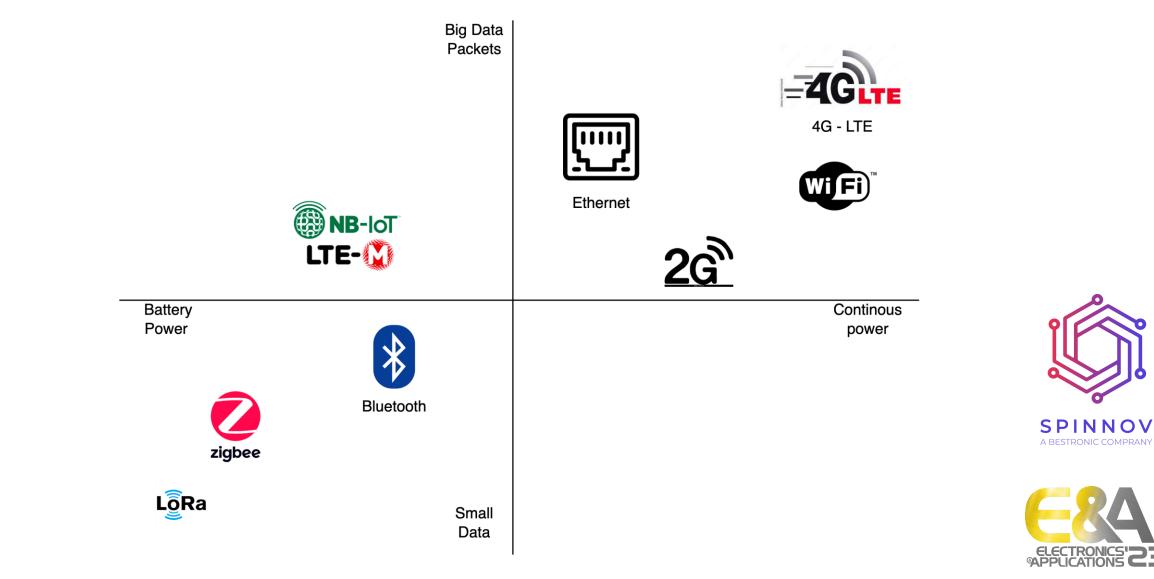
Important selection criteria

- What kind of data?
- Data: How much and how often?
- Power consumption
- Responsiveness
- Existing netwerk infrastructure
- Cost structure
- Own knowledge/experience

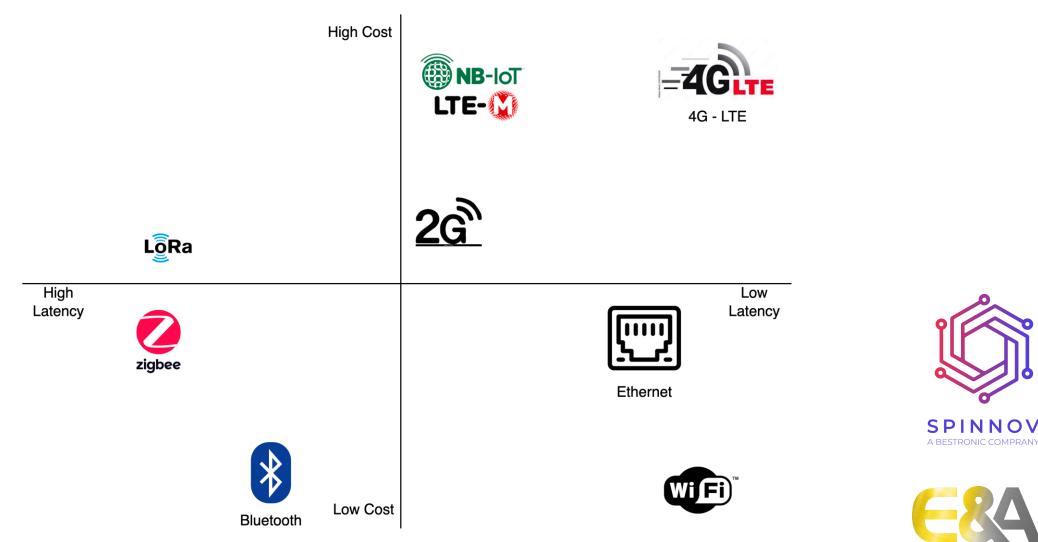




IOT DEVICES – SELECTION MATRIX



IOT DEVICES – SELECTION MATRIX



IOT CLOUD – ARCHITECTURE WHAT TO CONSIDER?



Important considerations:

- Expected amount of devices
- Which Data/ how much data?
- Responsiveness
- Costs structure (monthly / device)
- Storage space
- Own knowledge/experience

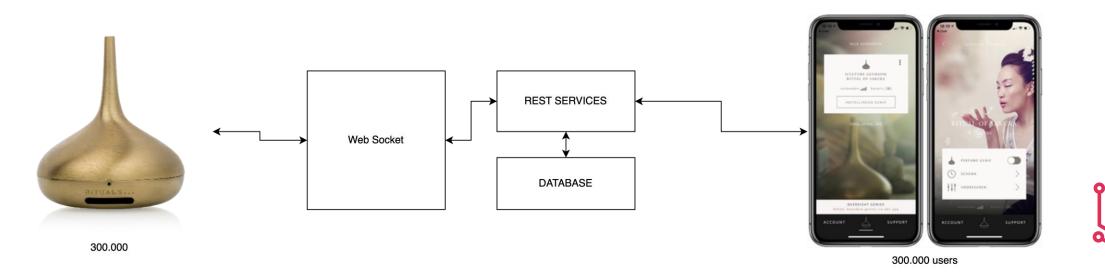


Try to choose the most simple solution!



CASE STUDY 1:

• How do you update a websocket with 300.000 connections?

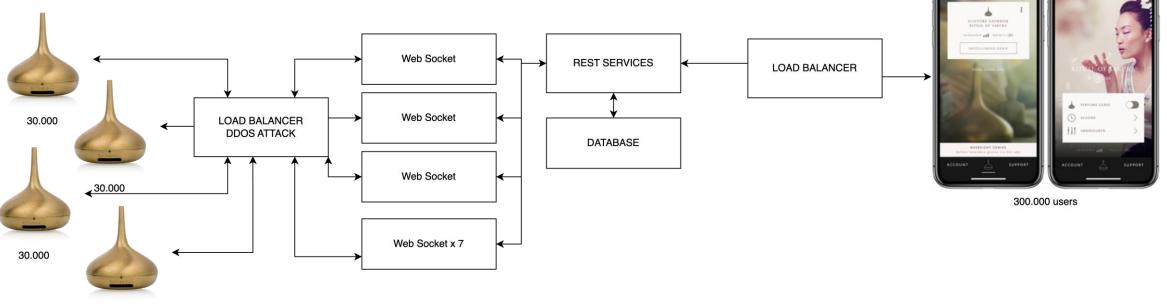


300.000 devices connecting to 1 IP is considered a DDOS!



CASE STUDY 2:

- Apply Load balancers
- Use multiple sockets

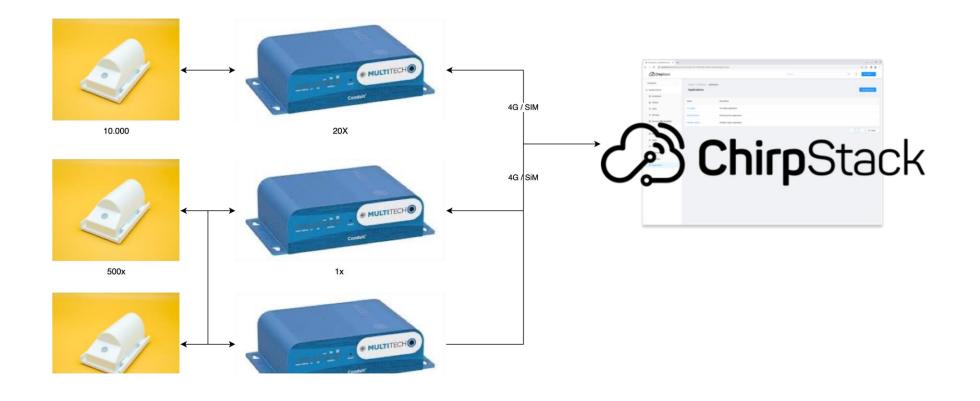


30.000 x 7



CASE STUDY 2:

- LoRa netwerk Schalable
 - Should we have an acknowledge message?

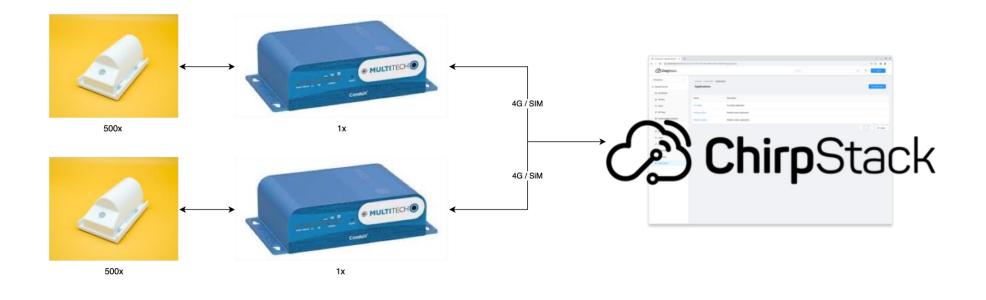






CASE STUDY 2:

- With Acknowledge: More certainty the message arrives. (i.v.m. collision)
- No Acknowledge: Less messages, less drainage of battery, less timing issues.

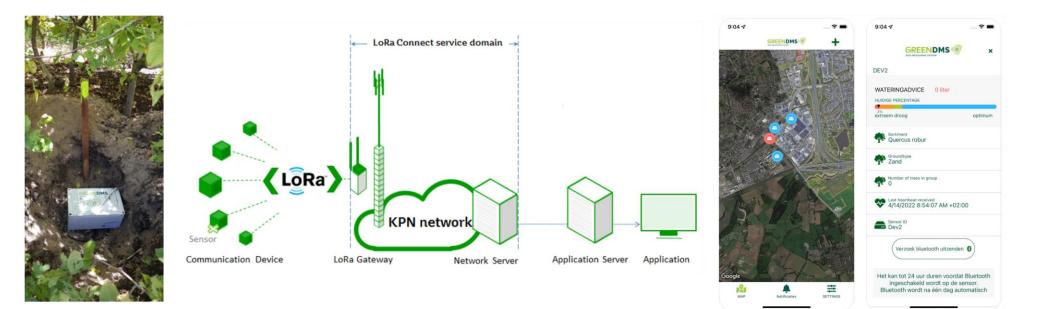






CASE STUDY 3:

• How to create real-time time system that needs to be in the ground for 3 years on battery power?

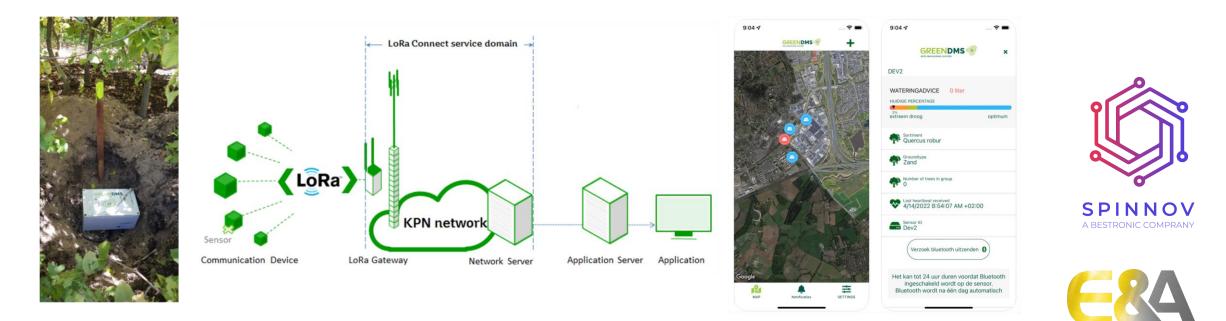






CASE STUDY 3:

- What is real-time? Align with the customer what is Real-Time.
- Set the right interrupts and only send information that is relevant.
- Optimize engery by finding the energy drainage. Antenne optimalisation.



CASE STUDY 4:

• How to update and maintain many different IoT hardware devices over time?



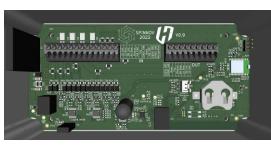
V1.0



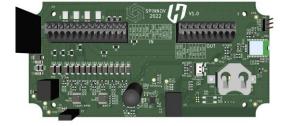
V1.2







V2.1







V2.0

IOT EMBEDDED DEVICES

- Try to keep 1 firmware for all devices.
- With Flash/Eeprom/versioning resistors detect hardware version
- Always include: Hardware & Firmware versions
- Prevent in firmware to load wrong unsafe firmware
- Try to apply dual banking





IOT, NOT DIFFICULT, BUT COMPLEX!



SPINNOV A BESTRONIC COMPRANY

Stand: 7E116

www.spinnov.com

s.fransen@spinnov.com



