Multiphase flow measurements based on Magnetic Resonance Technology

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1. KROHNE

2. Multiphase flow in the oil industry

3. Magnetic Resonance

4. Flow measurements

5. Performance

6. Conclusions and Outlook
KROHNE:

- Supplier of innovative measurement solutions for the process industry
- Founded in 1921
- 100% family owned
- World wide presence (> 3000 employees)

- In Dordrecht (NL): R&D and production of flow meters (>400 employees)
**KROHNE:**
Product portfolio

- Flow measurement
- Level measurement
- Pressure measurement
- Temperature measurement
- Analysis products
- Communications
- KROHNE Services
- Systems for marine industry
- Systems for oil and gas industry
KROHNE: New development

- Multiphase flow measurement
- Oil and gas industry
- Magnetic Resonance

M-PHASE 5000

Collaboration between SHELL and KROHNE
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M-PHASE 5000

Agenda
Multiphase Flow Measurement in Oil Production

- Over 800,000 oil wells worldwide
- Oil wells produce a mixture of oil, water and gas.
- Multiple well producing to one main production line (sometimes up to 40!)
- Sometimes wells are owned by different companies
- Separation takes place on **comingled** flow
- Information is needed on flow performance of **individual wells**:
  - Production allocation
  - Production optimization
Multiphase Flow Measurement in Oil Production

**Test separator:**
- Test manifold with bypass lines
- Individual well can be selected
- Single phase flowmeters to measure oil, water and gas

**Note:**
- Bulky configuration
  - Large space claim
  - Long stabilization time
- Regular maintenance needed
  - Valves
  - Calibration of flowmeters
- Limited rangeability regarding production rate:
  - Variations from well to well
  - Variations over lifetime
Multiphase Flow Measurement in Oil Production

Multiphase flowmeter:
- One multiphase flowmeter
- Replaces test separator
- Test manifold and test line needed for well test purposes.
- Save on:
  - Space
  - Weight
  - Cost
  - Test time
Multiphase Flow Measurement in Oil Production

Multiple multiphase flowmeters:
- One multiphase flowmeter per well
- Replaces test separator and test manifold
- Installation close to the well head possible
- Continuously monitoring of production rate:
  - Well testing
  - Flow assurance
  - Allocation
Multiphase flow:

- Complex flow, several different flow regimes
- Heavy unsteady flow conditions possible
- Oil / Water / Gas ratio can fluctuate

Challenge for flow measurement

→ magnetic resonance!
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Measurement principle: Magnetic Resonance

- Various Nobel prizes have been awarded related to magnetic resonance:
  - 1943, O. Stern: magnetic moment of a proton
  - 1944, I. Rabi: magnetic resonance (MR) of a proton
  - 1952, F. Bloch, E. Purcell: MR in liquids and solids
  - 1991, R. Ernst: MR spectroscopy (chemistry)
  - 2002, K. Wüthrich, Fenn, Tanaka: MR spectroscopy for resolving 3D structures
  - 2003, P. Lauterbur, P. Mansfield: Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Medical)

- Various instruments have been based on magnetic resonance, e.g.:
  
  MRI medical scanner
  www.philips.com

  Table top MR analyzer
  www.oxford-instruments.com
Measurement principle: Magnetic Resonance

- Makes use of very fundamental physical property of atoms, and allows you to ‘count’ hydrogen atoms

- The principle:
  - Oil, water and gas contain hydrogen atoms
  - In a magnetic field the nucleus of the hydrogen atom (proton):
    - aligns with the applied magnetic field
    - precesses around magnetic field lines (frequency proportional to magnetic field strength).
  - When irradiated with radio waves of the same frequency, the protons resonate (react to the RF signal)
  - The protons absorb and re-emit the radio energy of the same frequency. The emitted signal (echo) is proportional to the number of protons
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Mechanical Design:

- 100mm (4inch), full bore pipe, horizontal configuration, length approx. 3.5m.
- Ambient operating temperature: -40°C to + 65°C, process temperature: 93 °C
- Process pressure: 100 bar
- All electronics mounted directly on the flowmeter in two flame-proof boxes
Mechanical design (interior)
MR measurement principle for flow measurements

- In the flow meter, we are mainly measuring 2 properties:
  1. The fraction ($\lambda$) of oil, water and gas is in the measurement section.
MR measurement principle for flow measurements

- In the flow meter, we are mainly measuring 2 properties:
  1. The fraction ($\lambda$) of oil, water and gas is in the measurement section
  2. What is the velocity ($v$) at which it travels

- From this data the volumetric flow rates ($Q$) can be calculated
1) Measurement of liquid and gas velocity

Fluid Velocity determination:
- ‘Convective decay’ method
- Excited protons are leaving the coil due to flow
- Measure the decrease in amplitude of the echoes

\[ v = \frac{L_c}{t_{S=0}} \]
2) **Measurement of oil and water fraction**

- We make use of the fact that oil and water magnetize at a different rate (time constant)
- This difference creates a contrast between the oil and the water
2) Measurement of oil and water fraction

- We make use of the fact that oil and water magnetize at a different rate (time constant)
- This difference creates a contrast between the oil and the water

By measuring the signal for two different magnetization lengths, and calculating the ratio, the fraction of oil and water can be derived.
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Overview (multiphase) flow test locations

SwRI (TX, USA)

Donau Shell (NL)

Xcaliber (NL)

DNV – GL (NL)
Performed tests
Overview test points

Parameter range:
Pressure: 3-90 barg
Temperature: 25-40 °C
Salinity: 0-250 g/l
Viscosity: 1-45 cSt
Performed tests; DNV-GL o/w/g

Good accuracy both in liquid and gas flow rate:

- No systematic error
- Good accuracy for both liquid and gas flow rates
- Accuracy achieved over large dynamic range
Perfomed tests; DNV-GL o/w/g

24 m³/h Oil, 6 m³/h Water, 8 Am³/h Gas, 4” pipe, P = 30 bar, T = 25 °C
Perfomed tests; DNV-GL o/w/g

Gas results:
- Good performance
- No regime dependency

Liquid results:
- Good performance
- Increasing error $\text{GVF} = 0.99$
Performed tests; DNV-GL o/w/g

54 m³/h Oil, 6 m³/h Water, 60 Am³/h Gas, 4” pipe, P = 30 bar, T = 25 °C
Performed tests
Results plotted in flowmap (for DNV-GL loop at 31 bar):

- Good accuracy both in liquid and gas flowrate:
  - No systematic error
  - Good accuracy for both liquid and gas flow rates
  - Accuracy achieved over large dynamic range
Field Test:

- NAM Rotterdam

The multiphase flow meter co-developed by Krohne and Shell and deployed at NAM Rotterdam
Field Test:

- NAM Rotterdam

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Conclusions:

- M-PHASE 5000 is a multiphase flow meter for the oil and gas industry
- Measurement principle: Magnetic Resonance
- One single measurement principle for oil, water and gas flowrates
- Full bore design, no sensors inside pipe
- No radioactive sources
- Suited for a large range of flow conditions
- Easy to install

Outlook:

- Additional MR functionality, for example:
  - (spectral) analysis
  - imaging
QUESTIONS?

Thank you for your attention!