# Customized battery testing – step by step

Weiss Technik - For a Safe Future

#### ENERGY STORAGE EVENT

NIEUWSTE TECHNOLOGIEËN EN APPLICATIEKENNIS

16 en 17 februari 2021 | digitale editie



#### weisstechnik® – The world's leading climate solutions

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  - Heat Technology
     vötschtechnik has a wide product portfolio in the field of heating technology.
  - Air-conditioning Technology
     weissklimatechnik is one of the leading providers of professional
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- Experts around the globe
  - 23 companies
  - In 15 countries
  - More than 2500 employees











#### Future visions with Batteries





### Requirements on energy storages

- ✓ Long duration.. Much power..
- ✓ Rechargeable
- √ Fast charging!
- ✓ Light
- ✓ Small
- ✓ Long Lifecyle / infinite number of rechargeability
- ✓ No heat development
- ✓ Long-term warehousing (with no further checks)
- ✓ Weather-resistant (Warm, Cold, moisture, ...)
- ✓ Low price



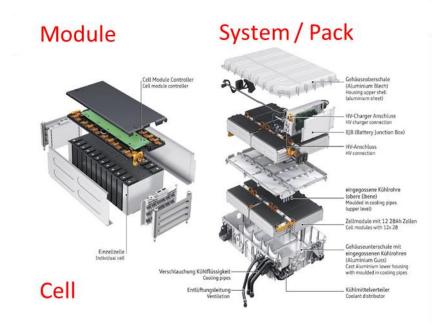


#### Li-Ion Batteries – Different Sizes - Appearances

- Lithium-Ion battery cells come
  - In different sizes
  - And shapes
- Traction battery systems
  - Are typically made of Cells which are combined in Modules
  - The System or Pack consists out of modules
  - In addition, the systems require:
    - Structural enclosures
    - Management
    - Flectronics
    - Cabling and cooling.







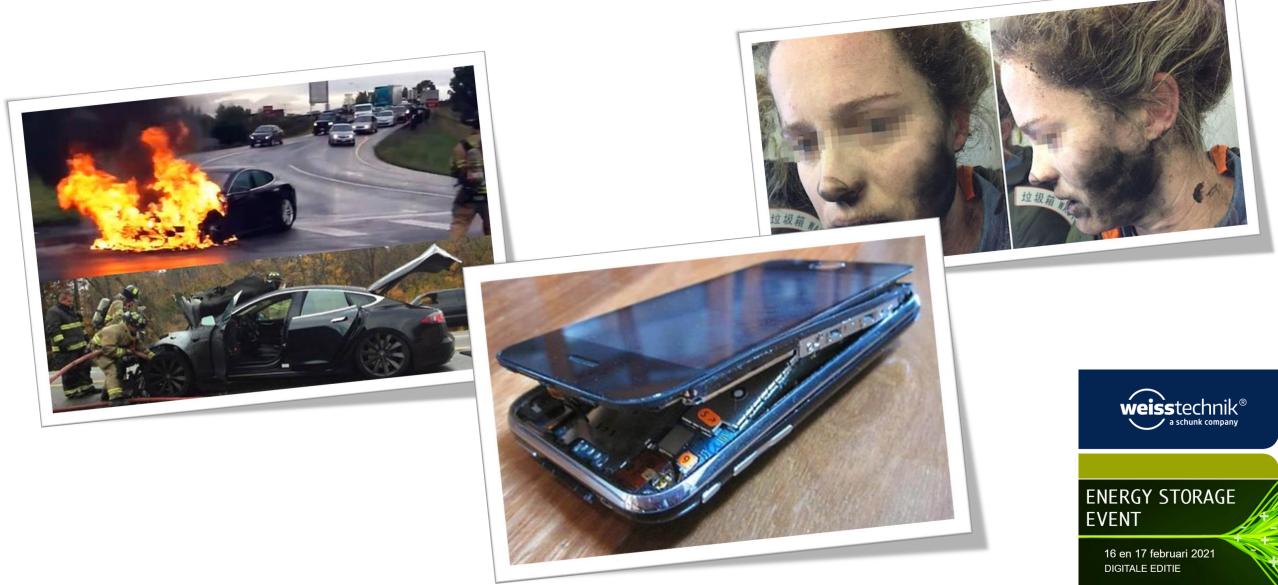


### Many different chemical combinations





### Li-ionMn – the perfect combination



### Mistakes and dangers with energy storages

- Top 3 most done mistakes with batteries:
- Too long in stock (with no control)
- Stock in wrong environmental conditions (Temperature, Humidity)
- Wrong charging (wrong charger, charging process, charging time)
- Top 3 most dangerous mistakes with batteries:
- Overload or wrong loading
- Mechanical damage
- Overheating

No chance for not testing... (Only Li-Ion batteries have over 40 different test specifications)



### Step by step process flow

1 Requirement analysis

In joint workshops with our customers, we specify the required test standards, test capacities and other requirements of the planned testing laboratory.

2 Definition of scope of supply

A project team, consisting of weisstechnik experts and customers, defines the technical specifications for all relevant subsections. We then quote a non-binding budget price

**3** Technical definition of subsections of the project

A project team, consisting of weisstechnik experts and customers, defines the technical specifications for all relevant subsections. We then quote a non-binding budget price.

4 Binding quotation

After finalizing and consolidating all subsections, we prepare a binding quotation. Within the framework of final agreements, changes can still be made if necessary.

Production of the test systems

After receiving an order, we plan and realize the test systems ordered. Depending on the requirements, we either modify proven standard systems or build completely new customer-specific units.

6 Installation and commissioning

After shipment, our experienced service technicians will install the test systems on site and commission them professionally.

/ Training of employees

In the initial stage, we support our customers with personnel trainings for their employees, weisstechnik Academy also offers online and classroom trainings.

8 After sales service

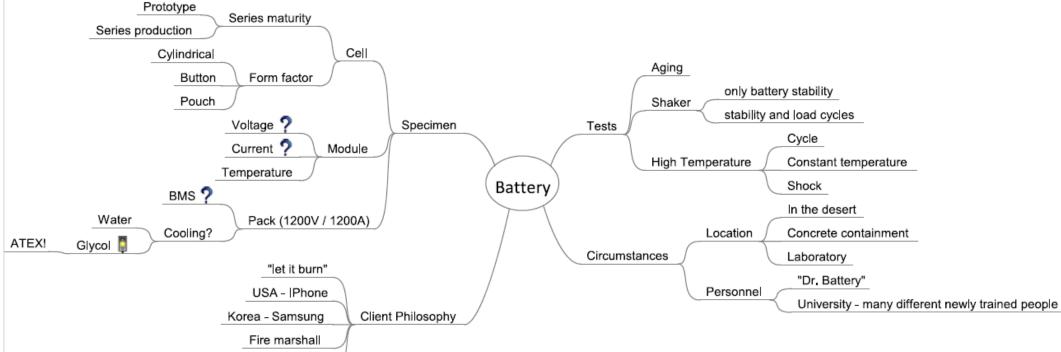
Customer service is the focus of our thinking and acting. We offer a comprehensive service network with short response times, reliable support by qualified service technicians, preventive maintenance and reliable spare parts supply.



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### Brainstorming with customer

nsurances





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## Energy Storage Checklist



13.	Risk evaluation / EUCAR Hazard Level								
	Probability: W0: very small (tolerable remaining risk without any safety device) W1: small (improbable) W2: medium (will possibly occur several times) W3: large (will occur often)								
	Level	Risk according to Hazard Level	wo	W1	W2	W3			
	0,1,2	No safety critical errors.   Not possible when testing energy storages.							
	3	Electrolyte disposal less 50%, or non-flammable							
	4	Gas disposal, Electrolyte disposal over 50%							
	5	Fire, flame, directly from the energy storage  Gas explosion via external ignition —>concerns ATEX							
	6	Break							
	7	Explosion of energy storage (Tests with W3 are not applicable for execution in a closed test chamber)							
	Other risks								
		Disposal of hydrogen (U-V exagen (O-) by leading a g							



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### Which standard to apply?

Tests	Standards	Cabinets and Walk-Ins	
Temperature Cycles	IEC 62660, IEC 62281, ISO 12405, ISO 16750, UL 2580, UL 2271, UL 1973, UL 1642, UL 2054, SAE J2929, SAE J2464, FreedomCAR, GB/T 31467.3, GB/T 31485 LV-124, UN 38.3, Telcordia GR-3150-CORE, UN ECE R100	TempEvent ShockEvent Temperature Walk-In	
Constant Temperatures	UL 2580, LV-124, BATSO 01, UL 2271, ISO 16750, IEC 62660, IEC 62620, IEC 61960, ISO 12405, QC/T 743, Telcordia GR-3150-CORE, DOE-INL/EXT-15-34184	TempEvent HeatEvent Temperature Walk-In	
IP Tests	BATSO 02, LV-124, ISO 16750	Dust Test Device ST Spray and Splash Water SWT	
Corrosion Tests	UL 2580, UL 19973, LV-124, ISO 16750, Telcordia GR-3150-CORE	SaltEvent Corrosion Walk-In AirEvent	
Mechanical Shock/ Vibration	IEC 62660, IEC 62281, IEC 62133, IEC 61960, ISO 12405, IS/FDIS 6469, SAE J2929, SAE J2464, UL 2580, UL 1642, UL 2271, UL 1973, UL 2054, UN 38.3, LV-124, BATSO 01, BATSO 02, FreedomCAR, UN ECE R100, Telcordia GR-3150-CORE, GB/T 31467.3, QC/T 743	ShakeEvent	
Altitude Simulation	UN 38.3, IEC 62281, GB/T 31485, UL 1642, BATSO 01, Telcordia GR-3150-CORE	SkyEvent	
Damp Air/ Dewing	ISO 12405, ISO 16750, GB/T 31467.3, LV-124, SAE J2929, UL 1973, Telcordia GR-3150-CORE	ClimeEvent ClimeEvent Walk-In	



### Fe LV 124 – often used in car industry

temperature limits, only the ambient temperature shall be varied.

(function test).

All parameters of the DUT shall lie within the specification during each parameter test

#### 14 Climatic requirements and tests

#### 14.1 K-01 High/low temperature storage

#### 14.1.1 Purpose

This test simulates the thermal exposure of the component during storage and transport.

The test is intended to verify the resistance to storage at high or low temperatures, e.g. during the transport of the component (plane, ship container).

If the test is carried out at the beginning of a test sequence, it is also intended to adjust all components to the same initial conditions.

#### 14.1.2 Test

Table 64: Test parameters K-01 High/low temperature storage

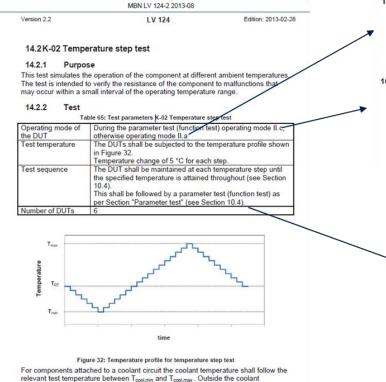
Operating mode of the DUT	Operating mode I.a			
Test duration and test	2 cycles of 24 h (consisting of 12 h storage at Tmin			
temperature	and 12 h storage at T <sub>max</sub> )			
Number of DUTs	As specified in the test sequence plan in the Component Requirement Specification.			

#### 14.1.3 Requirement

The DUT shall be fully functional before and after the test and all parameters shall meet the specifications. Verification is done by means of a parameter test (large) as per Section 10.4.

#### 2.5.1.1 Betriebsart I.a

Der Prüfling ist unbestromt, ohne Stecker und Leitungssatz.



#### 10.2.3 Operating mode II – DUT electrically connected

#### 10.2.3.1 Operating mode II.a

The DUT shall be operated without operating load. Any existing coolant circuit shall be filled, and the coolant hoses shall be connected. If required, the flow rate and temperature of the coolant shall be adjusted - as specified in the Component Requirement Specifications.

#### 10.2.3.3 Operating mode II.c

The DUT shall be operated with maximum operating load (power user, but no misuse).

The DUT shall be operated such that maximum self-heating occurs (for example by means of a realistic maximization of a continuous output power or frequent activation of external loads).

Any existing coolant circuit shall be filled, and the coolant hoses shall be connected. If required, the flow rate and temperature of the coolant shall be adjusted - as specified in the Component Requirement Specifications.

#### 10.4 Parameter test

A set of sensitive parameters, so-called key parameters, e.g. closed-circuit current consumption, operating currents, suptur voltages, contact resistances, input impedances, signal rates (rise/fall times) and bus specifications, shall be defined in the Component Requirement Specifications. These parameters shall be checked for their compliance with the specifications before the start and after the end of each test.

#### 10.4.1 Parameter test (small)

The key parameters shall be measured and the functional behavior of the components checked at T<sub>ex</sub> and U<sub>b</sub>. For components with fault memory, the fault memory shall be read out. The components shall be checked for external damage/changes such as cracks, chipping/seeling, discoloration, desformation etc. by visual testing according to DIN EN 13018, without opening the DUT. Changes in the values of the key parameters, the functional behavior or the fault memory entries as well as irregularities found during the visual test shall be evaluated against the new condition with recard to the previous test exposures.

All results shall be documented in the test report.

#### 10.4.2 Parameter test (large)

The key parameters shall be measured and the functional behavior of the components measured at temperatures  $T_{max}$ ,  $T_{RT}$  and  $T_{min}$  at each of the voltages  $U_{Bont}$ ,  $U_{B}$  and  $U_{Box}$ .

For components with fault memory, the content of the fault memory shall be read out. The components shall be checked for external damage/changes such as cracks, chipping/peeling, discoloration, deformation etc. by visual testing according to DIN EN 13018.

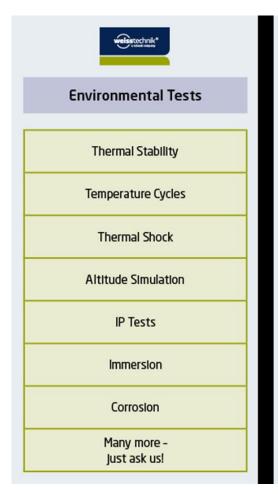
Changes in the values of the key parameters, the functional behavior or the fault memory entries as well as irregularities found during the visual test shall be evaluated against the new condition with regard to the previous test exposures.

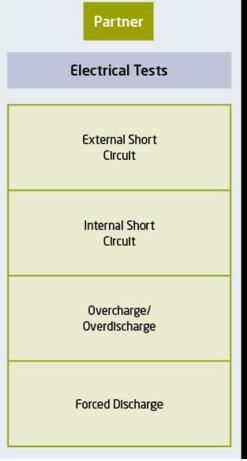
All results shall be documented in the test report.

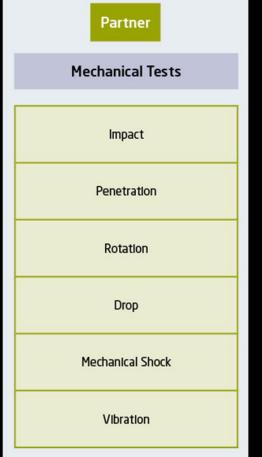


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### Several Test Categories for Li-Ion Batteries











#### EUCAR – European Council for Automotive R&D

#### Members

EUCAR was established on 27 May 1994, evolving from the previous Joint Research Committee (JRC) of the European motor vehicle manufacturers. Following on from the scientific cooperation carried out by the JRC, EUCAR has begun to foster strategic cooperation in research & technological development (R&TD) activities.

The objective of this common approach is progressively to achieve technologies for the optimisation of the motor vehicle of the future. This continuous process will also provide intermediate solutions for substantial improvements in the short and medium term.

The 15 members of EUCAR represent the major European vehicle manufacturers.





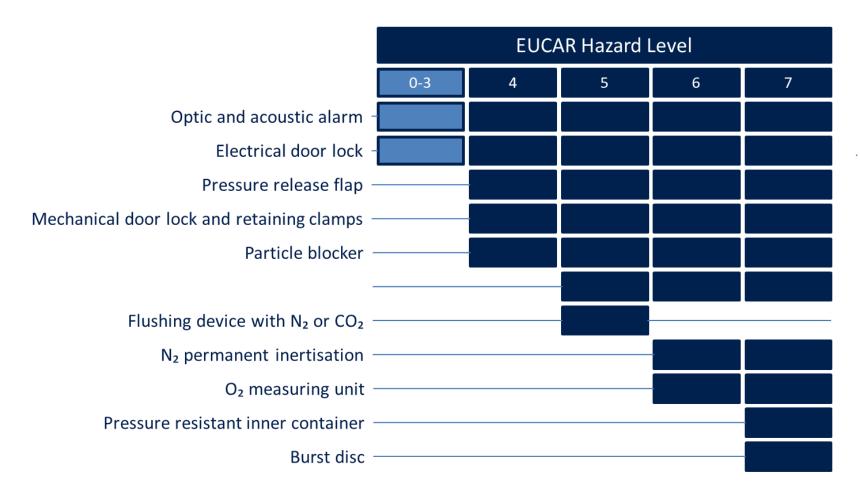
External influences, internal topics with results on the Li-Ion battery

Hazard Level	Description	Security Level and results
0	No effects.	No effect, no functional limitation
1	Start of passive security system.	No damage, no leakage, no gas leak, no fire, no explosion, no reaction, no thermal runaway.  Cell broken reversible, repairs of security installations necessary.
2	Damage	No leakage, no gas leak, no fire, no explosion, no reaction, no thermal runaway.  Cell broken irreversible, repairs of security installations necessary.
3	Leakage	No gas leak, no fire, no explosion.
	(Weight loss < 50%)	Leakage of electrolyte <50%.
4	Gas leakage	No fire, no explosion.
	(Weight loss > 50%)	Leakage of electrolyte >50%.
5	Fire	No explosion, no flying parts.
6	Fraction	No explosion, but flying parts of the active mass.
7	Explosion	Decomposition of battery cell.



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### Modular Approach – Li-Ion Safety Equipment





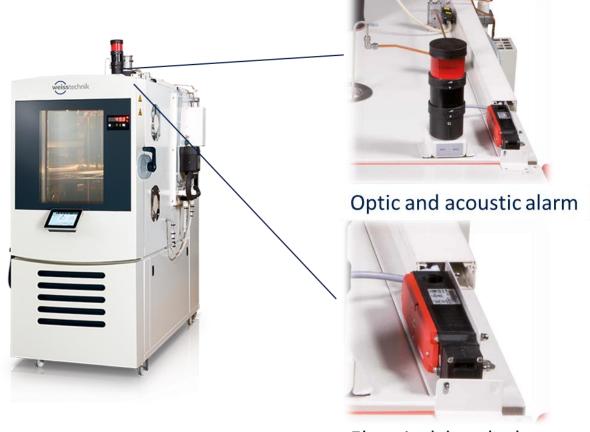








#### Package Hazard Level 0 − 3.



Installed Safety Equipment:



Electrical door lock



#### Package Hazard Level 4.



Ø 80 mm
gas outlet per cell: max. 200 l/s
Ø 125 mm
gas outlet per cell: max. 500 l/s
Ø 150 mm
gas outlet per cell: max. 750 l/s

Pressure release flap



Mechanical door lock and retaining clamps

Particle blocker







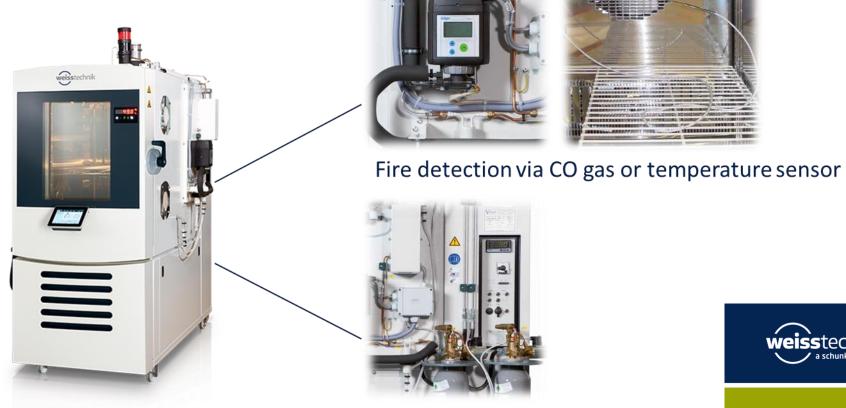








Package Hazard Level 5.



**Installed Safety Equipment:** 













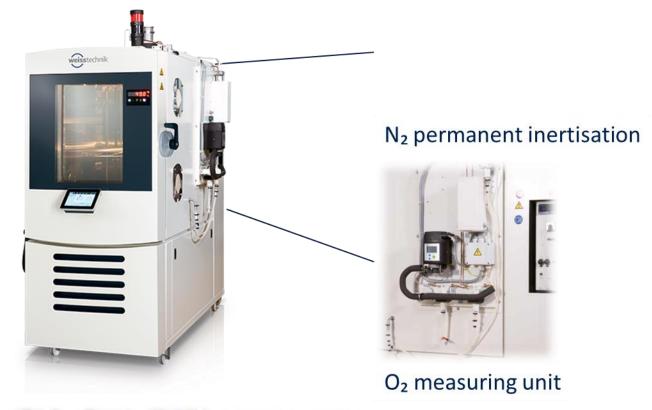








Package Hazard Level 6.



#### Installed Safety Equipment:













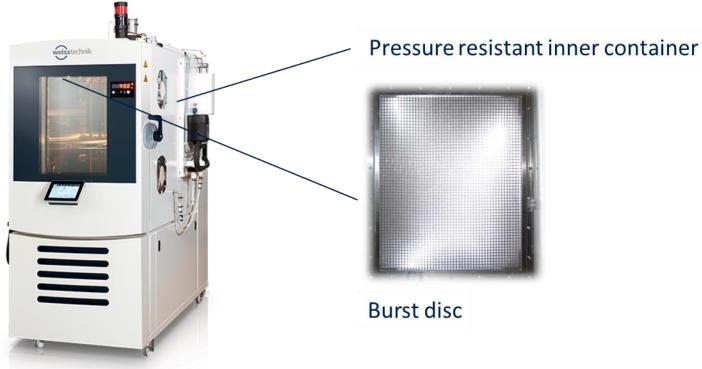








Package Hazard Level 7.



#### Installed Safety Equipment:

























### Additional safety equipment



H<sub>2</sub> measuring unit



Additional LEL monitoring H<sub>2</sub>



Alternative to N₂ or CO₂: inertisation with Argon



CO<sub>2</sub> Bottles







### Integration partner

- Weiss has plenty experience working with partners like:
  - Chroma
  - Kratzer
  - AVL
  - Moehwald (Bosch)
  - OEM's like
    - Audi
    - Daimler
    - Volvo
    - \/\/
    - BMW
    - ...



#### Reference at Dutch customer







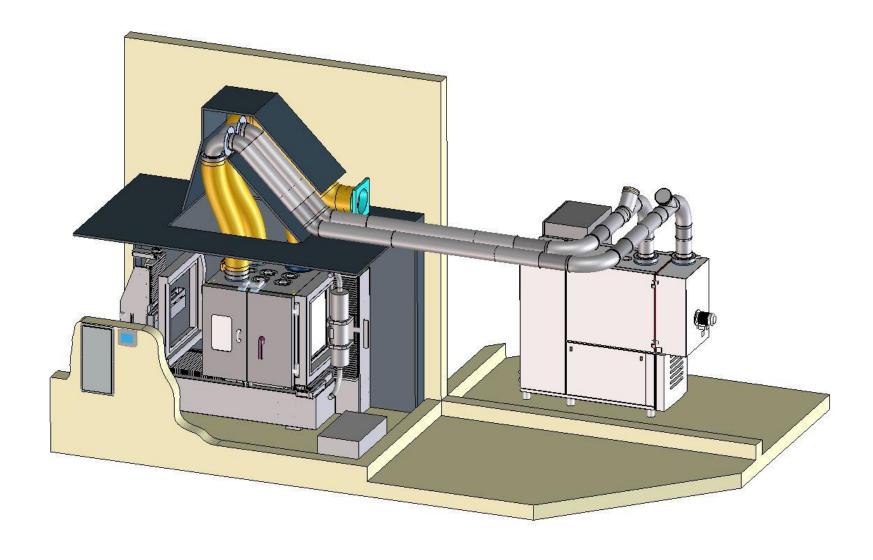
### Examples: 3-Axis Vibration – Splash water







#### X-RAY imaging during battery cycling in a test chamber



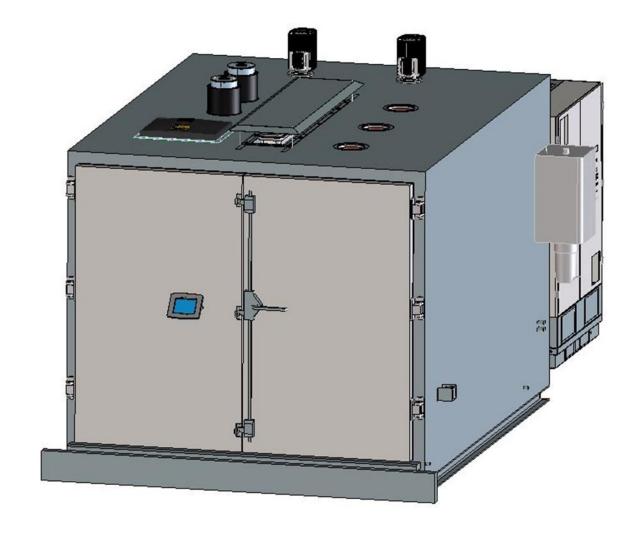


### Volvo 17 m3 chamber in split design



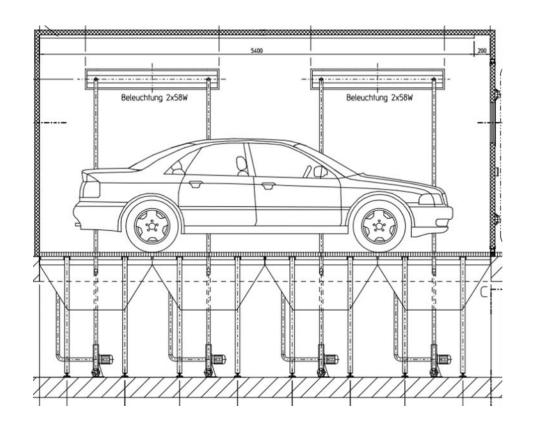


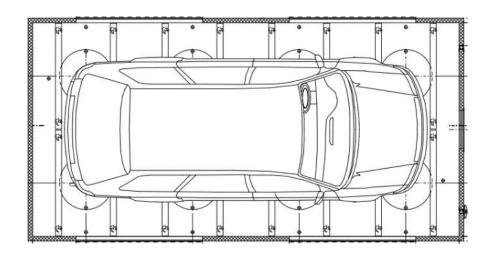
#### Audi 17 m3 chamber on frame





#### Dust Test Chamber – LV124 – M-03

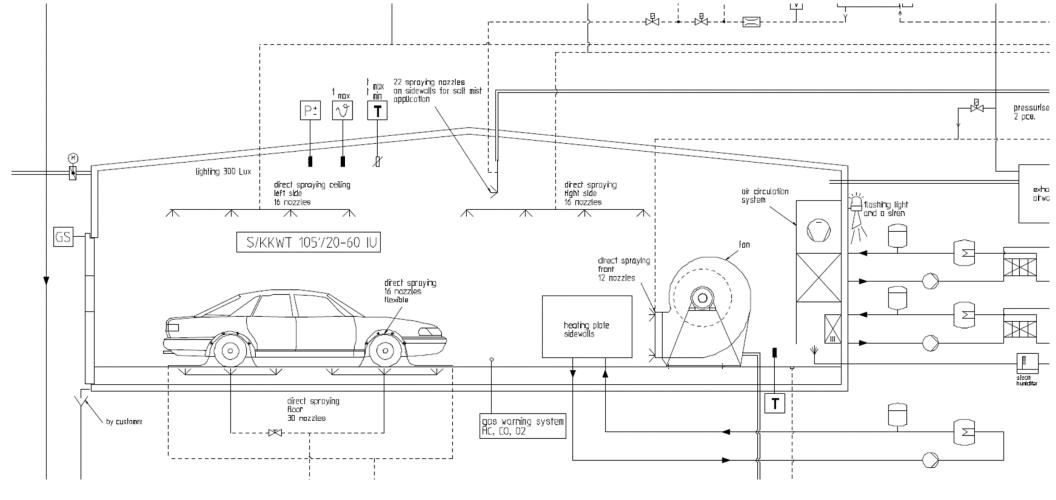




"Drive in" chamber with machine unit part at the level below. A pit for a cellar is needed. The nett test space will be about 3m\*2m\*1m (w\*d\*h)



### Saltspray & Saltmist – LV124





### Proven experience







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### Matchmaking

- Meer informatie?
- Kom rechtstreeks in contact!

- Vraag een vrijblijvend gesprek aan
  - Kan tijdens of na het event!

## GETIN



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